

# TAPI-Fehler finden und Anwahlprobleme erkennen

## Problem:

Oft ist unklar, warum die Anwahl nicht funktioniert oder die Telefoniesoftware in der ein- oder anderen Weise reagiert.

## Lösung:

Um dem Problem auf die Spur zu kommen, sollte ein TAPI/Telefon-Trace erzeugt werden. Das ist ein Protokoll der Kommunikation zwischen TAPI-Treiber (Der vom Hersteller der Telefonanlage kommt) und der Telefoniesoftware auf der anderen Seite.

## Vorgehensweise: TAPI-Log aktivieren

AG-VIP SQL ist per Standard so eingestellt, dass immer ein Trace erzeugt wird. Der Trace wird automatisch im temporären Verzeichnis des Benutzers gespeichert. Der Trace beginnt bei Programmstart und wird geschlossen, wenn das Programm beendet wird. Jeder erneute Programmstart überschreibt den alten Trace.

Gehen Sie also wie folgt vor

1. Starten Sie AG-VIP SQL
2. Führen Sie nun die Telefonate, die Probleme machen, z.B. Anwahl einer falschen Telefon-Nr. wird nicht erkannt.
3. Beenden Sie AG-VIP SQL.
4. Wählen Sie aus dem Windows-Menü START, AUSFÜHREN und geben %tmp% + ENTER-Taste ein.
5. Der Windows-Explorer öffnet sich mit dem temporären Benutzer-Verzeichnis. Hier finden Sie die Datei AGVIP\_Phone.LOG (vor der Version 2.0 hieß die Datei AGVIP\_TAPI.log). Diese Datei können Sie mit jedem Texteditor öffnen. Die erste Spalte zeigt dabei die Uhrzeit in Millisekunden genau an.

Wenn Sie also einen Fehler protokolliert haben beenden Sie AG-VIP SQL und sichern Sie den Trace, bevor Sie mit der Arbeit fortfahren.

## Beispiel für einen verbundenen erfolgreichen ausgehenden Anruf:

```
11:18:05:34 Tapi::CTapiCall::CTapiCall
11:18:05:34 Tapi::CTapiCall::PrepareDialing Inp:"06181/97010"
11:18:05:34 Tapi::CTapiCall::PrepareDialing Pre:"+49 (6181) 97010"
11:18:05:35 Tapi::CTapiCall::PrepareDialing Out:"T00618197010"
11:18:05:35 Tapi::CTapiCall::MakeCall dwLine=9, dwAPIVersion=0x0002000
0
```

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```
11:18:05:35 Tapi::CTapiControl::TapiEventThread dwMessage=LINE_REPLY,
hDevice=0x00000000, dwParam1=0x000100ee, dwParam2=0x00000000, dwParam3
=0x000100cc
11:18:05:35 Tapi::CTapiCall::MakeCall returns 0x000100ee 11:18:05:47 T
api::CTapiControl::TapiCallState hCall=0x000100cc, dwCallstate=DIALTON
E
11:18:05:47 Tapi::CTapiCall::GetCallInfo CalledID = "00618197010"
11:18:05:49 Tapi::CTapiControl::TapiCallState hCall=0x000100cc, dwCall
state=DIALING
11:18:15:65 Tapi::CTapiControl::TapiCallState hCall=0x000100cc, dwCall
state=CONNECTED
11:19:30:17 Tapi::CTapiControl::TapiCallState hCall=0x000100cc, dwCall
state=DISCONNECTED, dwCallStateDetail=0x00000000
11:19:30:18 Tapi::CTapiControl::TapiCallState hCall=0x000100cc, dwCall
state=IDLE
11:19:30:21 Tapi::CTapiControl::TapiEventThread dwMessage=LINE_REPLY,
hDevice=0x00000000, dwParam1=0x000100bb, dwParam2=0x00000000, dwParam3
=0x00000000
11:19:44:39 Tapi::CTapiCall::~~CTapiCall
```

Der CALLSTATE gibt den aktuellen Leitungsstatus an. Am Callstate wird der aktuelle Zustand der Verbindung erkannt.

### **Dabei sind lt. TAPI-Dokumentation folgende CALLSTATES definiert**

Beachten Sie bitte, dass nicht alle TSPs alle Callstates unterstützen bzw. melden.

- LINECALLSTATE\_ACCEPTED = 0x00000004  
The call was in the offering state and has been accepted. This indicates to other, monitoring, applications that the current owner application has claimed responsibility for answering the call. In ISDN, the accepted state is entered when the called-party equipment sends a message to the switch indicating that it is willing to present the call to the called person. This has the side effect of alerting (ringing) the users at both ends of the call. An incoming call can always be immediately answered without first being separately accepted.
- LINECALLSTATE\_BUSY = 0x00000040  
The call is receiving a busy tone. A busy tone indicates that the call cannot be completed. This occurs if either a circuit (trunk) or the remote party's station are in use.
- LINECALLSTATE\_CONFERENCED = 0x00000800

The call is a member of a conference call and is logically in the connected state.

- **LINECALLSTATE\_CONNECTED = 0x00000100**  
The call has been established and the connection is made. Information is able to flow over the call between the originating address and the destination address.
- **LINECALLSTATE\_DIALING = 0x0000010**  
The originator is dialing digits on the call. The dialed digits are collected by the switch. Note that neither `lineGenerateDigits` nor `TSPI_lineGenerateDigits` will place the line into the dialing state.
- **LINECALLSTATE\_DIALTONE = 0x00000008**  
The call is receiving a dial tone from the switch. This means that the switch is ready to receive a dialed number.
- **LINECALLSTATE\_DISCONNECTED = 0x00004000**  
The remote party has disconnected from the call.
- **LINECALLSTATE\_IDLE = 0x00000001**  
The call exists but has not been connected. No activity exists on the call. This means that no call is currently active. A call can never transition out of the idle state.
- **LINECALLSTATE\_OFFERING = 0x00000002**  
The call is being offered to the station, signaling the arrival of a new call. The offering state is not the same as causing a phone or computer to ring. In some environments, a call in the offering state does not ring the user until the switch instructs the line to ring. For example this state is in use when an incoming call appears on several station sets but only the primary address rings. The instruction to ring does not affect any call states.
- **LINECALLSTATE\_ONHOLD = 0x00000400**  
The call is on hold by the switch. This frees the physical line. This allows another call to use the line.
- **LINECALLSTATE\_ONHOLDPENDCONF = 0x00001000**  
The call is currently on hold while it is being added to a conference.

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- LINECALLSTATE\_ONHOLDPENDTRANSFER = 0x00002000  
The call is currently on hold awaiting transfer to another number.
- LINECALLSTATE\_PROCEEDING = 0x00000200  
Dialing has completed and the call is proceeding through the switch or telephone network. This occurs after dialing is complete and before the call reaches the dialed party, as indicated by ringback, busy, or answer.
- LINECALLSTATE\_RINGBACK = 0x00000020  
The station to be called has been reached, and the destination's switch is generating a ring tone back to the originator. A ringback means that the destination address is being alerted to the call.
- LINECALLSTATE\_SPECIALINFO = 0x00000080  
The call is receiving a special information signal that precedes a prerecorded announcement indicating why a call cannot be completed.
- LINECALLSTATE\_UNKNOWN = 0x00008000  
The call exists, but its state is currently unknown. This may be the result of poor call progress detection by the service provider. A call state message with the call state set to unknown may also be generated to inform the TAPI DLL about a new call at a time when the actual call state of the call is not exactly known

### **Was ist signifikant, wenn es zu keiner Verbindung kommt?**

Kommt es zu keiner Verbindung, dann werden im Trace die so genannten Disconnect Reasons wichtig. Ein Disconnect Reason gibt an, warum eine Verbindung nicht zustande kam oder abgebrochen wurde.

Beachten Sie bitte, dass nicht alle TSPs alle Disconnect Reasons unterstützen bzw. melden. Besonders problematisch wird dies, wenn der TSP für die Anwahl einer falschen Nummer (LINEDISCONNECTMODE\_BADADDRESS) einfach Besetzt returniert (LINEDISCONNECTMODE\_BUSY)

- LINEDISCONNECTMODE\_BADADDRESS  
The destination address is invalid.
- LINEDISCONNECTMODE\_BLOCKED

The call could not be connected. **SQL** use calls from the origination address are not being accepted at the destination address. This differs from LINEDISCONNECTMODE\_REJECT in that blocking is implemented in the network (a passive reject) while a rejection is implemented in the destination equipment (an active reject). The blocking can be due to a specific exclusion of the origination address, or because the destination accepts calls from only a selected set of origination address (closed user group). (TAPI versions 2.0 and later)

- LINEDISCONNECTMODE\_BLOCKED  
is appropriate as a blacklisted response. For example, a modem has received an answer, gone more than six seconds without detecting Ringback, failed to connect a defined number of times, determines that the phone number is not valid to call, and issues a 'blacklisted' response.
- LINEDISCONNECTMODE\_BUSY  
The remote user's station is busy.
- LINEDISCONNECTMODE\_CANCELLED  
The call was cancelled. (TAPI versions 2.0 and later)
- LINEDISCONNECTMODE\_CONGESTION  
The network is congested.
- LINEDISCONNECTMODE\_DONOTDISTURB  
The call could not be connected because the destination has invoked the Do Not Disturb feature. (TAPI versions 2.0 and later)
- LINEDISCONNECTMODE\_FORWARDED  
The call was forwarded by the switch.
- LINEDISCONNECTMODE\_INCOMPATIBLE  
The remote user's station equipment is incompatible with the type of call requested.
- LINEDISCONNECTMODE\_NOANSWER  
The remote user's station does not answer.

- **LINEDISCONNECTMODE\_NODIALTONE**  
A dial tone was not detected within a service-provider defined timeout, at a point during dialing when one was expected (such as at a "W" in the dialable string). This can also occur without a service-provider-defined timeout period or without a value specified in the dwWaitForDialTone member of the LINEDIALPARAMS structure. (TAPI versions 1.4 and later)
- **LINEDISCONNECTMODE\_NORMAL**  
This is a normal disconnect request by the remote party. The call was terminated normally.
- **LINEDISCONNECTMODE\_NUMBERCHANGED**  
The call could not be connected because the destination number has been changed, but automatic redirection to the new number is not provided. (TAPI versions 2.0 and later)
- **LINEDISCONNECTMODE\_OUTOFORDER**  
The call could not be connected or was disconnected because the destination device is out of order (hardware failure). (TAPI versions 2.0 and later)
- **LINEDISCONNECTMODE\_PICKUP**  
The call was picked up from elsewhere.
- **LINEDISCONNECTMODE\_QOSUNAVAIL**  
The call could not be connected or was disconnected because the minimum quality of service could not be obtained or sustained. This differs from LINEDISCONNECTMODE\_INCOMPATIBLE in that the lack of resources may be a temporary condition at the destination. (TAPI versions 2.0 and later)
- **LINEDISCONNECTMODE\_REJECT**  
The remote user has rejected the call.
- **LINEDISCONNECTMODE\_TEMPFAILURE**  
The call could not be connected or was disconnected because of a temporary failure in the network; the call can be reattempted later and is expected to eventually complete. (TAPI versions 2.0 and later)
- **LINEDISCONNECTMODE\_TEMPFAILURE**

is appropriate as a delayed response. **SQL** For example, a modem getting a busy signal or equivalent too many times in a particular time period concludes that the number should not be called again until a defined time has elapsed and issues a 'delayed' response.

- LINEDISCONNECTMODE\_UNAVAIL  
The reason for the disconnect is unavailable and will not become known later.
- LINEDISCONNECTMODE\_UNKNOWN  
The reason for the disconnect request is unknown but may become known later.
- LINEDISCONNECTMODE\_UNREACHABLE  
The remote user could not be reached

#### **Wie behandelt AG-VIP SQL die unterschiedlichen Disconnect Modes?**

Kommt es zu keiner Verbindung muss, AG-VIP SQL versuchen, dass Telefonat entsprechend zu behandeln. Warum es nicht zu einer Verbindung kam, wird anhand des Disconnect Mods bestimmt. AG-VIP SQL unterscheidet hier in 4 Kategorien: Besetzt, Keine Verbindung, falsche Nummer und Fehler.

Bei einem fatalen Fehler wird der Workflow sofort abgebrochen und das Ticket gilt als nicht bearbeitet. Dies ist eine Vorsichtsmaßnahme, damit nicht durch einen Fehler in der TK-Anlage z.B. alle Tickets als nicht verbunden eingestuft werden.

AG-VIP SQL behandelt die entsprechenden Disconnect-Modes Fälle wie folgt:

#### **Behandlung als BESETZT:**

- NORMAL
- BUSY

#### **Behandlung als KEINE VERBINDUNG:**

- REJECT
- NOANSWER

## SQL

- UNREACHABLE
- DONOTDISTURB
- OUTFORDER

### **Behandlung als TELEFON-NR FALSCH:**

- NUMBERCHANGED
- BADADDRESS
- INCOMPATIBLE

### **Behandlung als finaler Fehler, der zum Projektstopp führt:**

- UNKNOWN
- PICKUP
- FORWARDED
- CONGESTION
- UNAVAIL
- NODIALTONE
- TEMPFAILURE
- QOSUNAVAIL



## SQL

- BLOCKED
- CANCELLED

### Quellen:

- [LINEDISCONNECTMODE\\_Constants](#)
- [LINECALLSTATE\\_Constants](#)

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